

Poz.	Kom.	Naziv	Dimenzije	Materijal	Standard	Br. crteža
				A3	Masa	Razmara
5	1	Cu-Produlžni kabel	4xØ 2,2x4,000	Silikoni-silikon (Tmax=+80°C)	-	T17-1453
4	1	Opruga	Ø0,5xØ10x100	-	-	-
3	1	Spojnica na prelazu cevi i kabla	Ø10/Ø8x4,0	W.Nr. 1.4404	-	-
2	1	Zaštitna cev	Ø3x100	W.Nr. 1.4404	-	T-282.2
1	1	Otporni senzor Pt-100	-	-	IEC 60751	Pt1-100.1
Poz. Kom. Naziv Dimenzije Materijal Standard Br. crteža						
St. izmene Datum Izmene						

Naziv:
OTPORNI TERMOMETAR
1xPt-100 (4-žični spoj)

Ornaka

Izv. pod. Zamena za

M 12/17e

In the case of several pick-ups at one test stand only one terminal box and one connecting line will be delivered.

Measuring cable (15 m length) to the connecting cable (15 m length) to the measuring amplifier or the indicator.

Cable (8 m length), firmly connected with the measuring restorer, four connections, 1 terminal box.

$$t_{0.5} = 45 \text{ s in air } (V = 1.0 \text{ m/s})$$

$$t_{0.5} = 4 \text{ s in water } (V = 0.2 \text{ m/s})$$

Shuttle, thread: M 8 x 1, stainless steel, pressure-tight up to max. 10 bar,

min. 6.4 mm; except for measuring point, e.g. the first 60 mm from the point should not be bent

stainless steel

3.2 mm

100 mm

600°C

PT 100/0, single

Measuring restorer:

Max. temperature:

Standard length:

Diameter of sheath:

Materiel of sheath:

Bolt fitting:

Connection:

Half-value-time:

The element is equipped with connecting cables. The internal wiring is embedded in high-purity magnesium oxide. The measuring restorer is integrated metal line in which the single-sheathed thermometer PT 100 is drawn Lp 737 are to be observed.

The single-sheathed restorer is characterized by short response times and flexible and is characterized by short response times and small dimensions. When applied in areas with strong shocks and high frequency vibrations, the limit values given on drawing Lp 737 are to be observed.

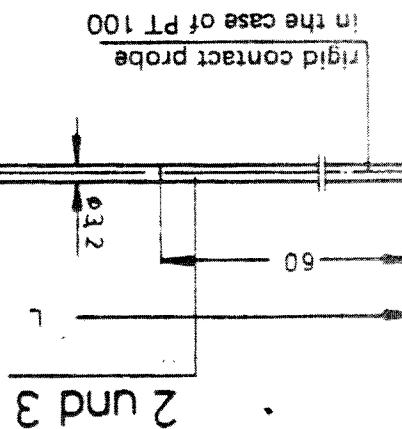
Dimension according to drawing Lp 737

Sheathed restistance thermometer

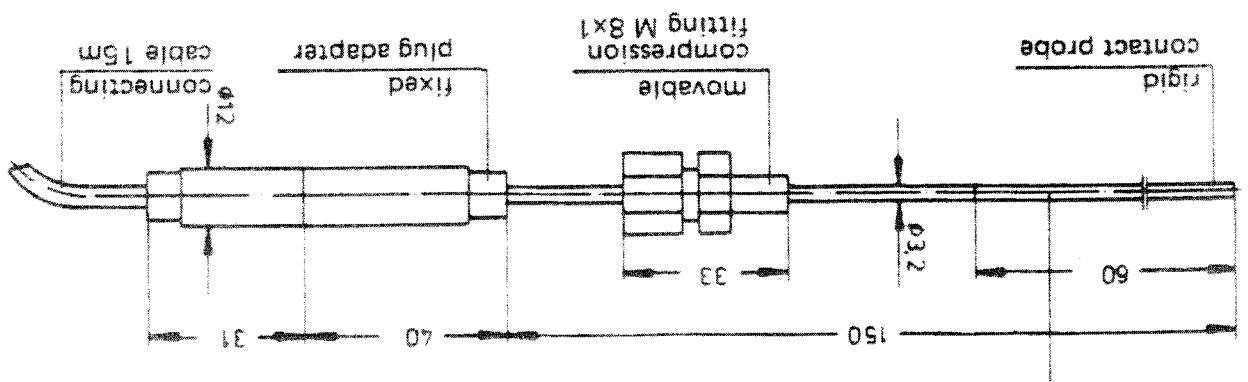
Specification M 12/17e

+ Limit temperature 1100°C in non-sulfurous oxidizing atmosphere
+ Limit temperature 1200°C in non-sulfurous reducing atmosphere
+ Limit temperature 800°C in sulfurous oxidizing atmosphere
+ Limit temperature 550°C in sulfurous reducing atmosphere

max. admissible temperature	300 (600)	300 (600)	1200	°C
No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	thermometer Resistances thermocouple	dimension
Resistance thermometer	Resistances	NiC-Ni		
smallest measuring range	10	10	150	°C
heat value time in flowing water t _{0,5}	4	4	0,5	
sheath material	stainless steel	stainless steel	Inconel®	
max. pressure	10	10	10	bar
max. sensor strength „L“	150	100	150	mm
vibration resistance	approx. 20 G.	approx. 20 G.	approx. 50 G.	in the case of sinusoidal vibration
of the rigid contact probe	in the case of sinusoidal vibration	in the case of sinusoidal vibration	in the case of sinusoidal vibration	



2 und 3



L9 737

Sensors and connections for measuring instruments

ORIGINAL

- 4.2 Measuring circuit with amplifier
- Since an auxiliary voltage is required for the measuring circuit in any case, the complete connection of the circuit by means of an amplifier suggests itself. The test amplifier LME E 601 of an electronic voltmeter is used. The test circuit LME E 601 consists of an auxiliary voltage source, the compensation of the current source works according to the principle of the constant current source. The measuring circuit is connected at the output of the test amplifier. The measuring circuit has four sides. The measuring circuit is built up in four conductor arrangement. Thus no line balancing is required and temperature variations of the measuring cables are fully compensated for.
- The high output voltage of the amplifier (10 V with max. measuring range) allows direct connection of different measuring instruments including all data processing systems (fig. 5). The measuring ranges can be converted at any time by closing soldering points.
- 4.3 Adjustment of the measuring circuit in connection with test amplifier LME E 601
- See electrical diagram and wiring table 2
- select measuring ranges and close soldering points as indicated in the table
 - connect resistance thermometer simulator (can be ordered from Schenck) as substitute for PT 100
 - connect resistance thermometer simulator at the output of the corresponding digital voltmeter (can be ordered)
 - set zero point at R_7 on printed circuit board LME E 601
 - measure reading value 0°C at the resistance thermometer
 - connect digital voltmeter at the output of the corresponding simulator
 - set measuring channel
 - set measuring value 0°C at the resistance thermometer
 - connect digital voltmeter at the output of the corresponding simulator
 - from Schenck) as substitute for PT 100
 - connect resistance thermometer simulator (can be ordered)
 - indicate in the table
 - select measuring ranges and close soldering points as indicated in the table
 - connect resistance thermometer simulator at the output of the corresponding digital voltmeter (can be ordered)
 - set zero point at R_7 on printed circuit board LME E 601
 - measure reading value 0°C at the resistance thermometer
 - set measuring value 0°C at the resistance thermometer
 - set desired max. reading value at resistance thermometer
 - set desired max. reading value at resistance thermometer
 - protect all potentiometers by means of varnish LME
- PT 100 SIMULATOR
- TYPE 4503 AW

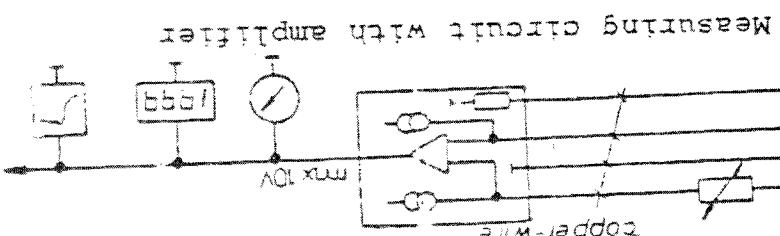


Fig. 5 Measuring circuit with amplifier

4.2 Measuring circuit with amplifier

Since an auxiliary voltage is required for the measuring circuit in any case, the complete connection of the circuit by means of an amplifier suggests itself. The test circuit LME E 601 of an electronic voltmeter is used. The test circuit LME E 601 consists of an auxiliary voltage source, the compensation of the current source works according to the principle of the constant current source. The measuring circuit is connected at the output of the test amplifier. The measuring circuit has four sides. The measuring circuit is built up in four conductor arrangement. Thus no line balancing is required and temperature variations of the measuring cables are fully compensated for.

The high output voltage of the amplifier (10 V with max. measuring range) allows direct connection of different measuring instruments including all data processing systems (fig. 5). The measuring ranges can be converted at any time by closing soldering points.

4.3 Adjustment of the measuring circuit in connection with test amplifier LME E 601

See electrical diagram and wiring table 2

- select measuring ranges and close soldering points as indicated in the table
- connect resistance thermometer simulator (can be ordered from Schenck) as substitute for PT 100
- connect resistance thermometer simulator at the output of the corresponding digital voltmeter (can be ordered)
- set zero point at R_7 on printed circuit board LME E 601
- measure reading value 0°C at the resistance thermometer
- connect digital voltmeter at the output of the corresponding simulator
- set measuring channel
- set measuring value 0°C at the resistance thermometer
- connect digital voltmeter at the output of the corresponding simulator
- set measuring value 0°C at the resistance thermometer
- set desired max. reading value at resistance thermometer
- set desired max. reading value at resistance thermometer
- protect all potentiometers by means of varnish LME

Schutzvermerk nach DIN 34 beachten

